End of Year 6

Reading - Recording Grid using Statutory Interim TA framework criteria Please indicate in the A,B,C & D boxes the location of the work and the date.



Children must display evidence over a range (information, explanations, instructions, recounts, reports and fiction and Poetry) and length of texts.

Working at the expected standard

STR	Name:	Α	В	С	D	collection
TRAND	Pupils need to be able to:					
m Z-	Employ dramatic effect to engage listeners whilst reading aloud.					
	Read extensively for pleasure.					
	Explain and discuss their understanding of what they have read, including through formal presentations and debates, maintaining a focus on the topic and using notes where necessary					
	Preparing formal presentations individually or in groups.					
NAOÍ	Using notes to support presentation of information.					
AENT	Responding to questions generated by a presentation.					
& PE	Participating in debates on issues related to reading (fiction/non-fiction).					
ERFORMANCE	Independently read longer texts with sustained stamina and interest.					
	Recommending books to their peers with detailed reasons for their opinions.					
	Expressing preferences about a wider range of books including modern fiction, traditional stories, fiction from our literary heritage and books from other cultures and traditions.					
	Learning a wider range of poems by heart.					
	Preparing poems and playscripts to read aloud and perform using dramatic effects.					
	Regularly listening to novels read aloud by the teacher from an increasing range of authors, which they may not choose themselves.					
	Use knowledge of root words, prefixes and suffixes to investigate how the meanings of words change e.g. un+happy+ness, dis+repute+able, dis+respect+ful, re+engage+ment.					
DECODE	Use suffixes to understand meanings e.gcious, -tious, -tial, -cial.					
	Read and understand meaning of words on Y5/6 word list (At WTS: children to read and understand some of these words).					
	Use etymology to help the pronunciation of new words e.g. chef, chalet, machine, brochure - French in origin.					
DEFINE	Exploring new vocabulary in context.					
RETRIEVE ;SUMMARISE	Distinguish between statements of fact or opinion across a range of texts e.g. first-hand account of an event compared with a reported example such as Samuel Pepys' diary and a history textbook.					
	Re-read and reads ahead to locate clues to support understanding and justifying with evidence from the text.					
	Scanning for key information e.g. looking for descriptive words associated with a setting.					
	Skimming for gist.					
	Using a combination of skimming, scanning and close reading across a text to locate specific detail.					
	Summarising main ideas drawn from more than one paragraph and identifying key details which support this.					
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Z	Inferring characters feelings, thoughts and motives from their actions, justifying inferences with evidence e.g. Point; Evidence; Explanation			
H H	Using a reading journal to record on-going reflections and responses to personal reading.			
PREDICT	Predicting what might happen from information stated and implied.			
RELATE	Recognise authors' techniques to influence and manipulate the reader.			
	Recognising themes within and across texts e.g. hope, peace, fortune, survival.			
	Evaluate texts quickly in order to determine their usefulness or appeal.			
	Understand underlying themes, causes and consequences within whole texts.			
EXPLORE COMPARE	Understand the structures writers use to achieve coherence; (headings; links within and between paragraphs; connectives).			
	Exploring texts in groups and deepening comprehension through discussion.			
	Identifying how language, structure and presentation contribute to meaning e.g. persuasive leaflet, balanced argument.			
	Discuss / evaluate how authors use language including figurative language.			
	Exploring, recognising and using the terms personification, analogy, style and effect.			
	Explaining the effect on the reader of the authors' choice of language and reasons why the author may have selected these.			
	Comparing texts written in different periods.			
	Analysing the conventions of different types of writing e.g. use of dialogue to indicate geographical and/or historical settings for a story.			
	Making comparisons within and across texts e.g. similar events in different books, such as being an evacuee in Carrie's War and Goodnight Mr Tom.			
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